# Amendment to HB 1633-FN-A

1	Amend the bill by replacing sections 1 through 3 with the following:
2	
3	1 Purpose and Findings.
4	I. The general court hereby finds that: the people of the state of New Hampshire find and
<b>5</b>	declare that cannabis should be regulated so that:
6	(a) Individuals will have to show proof of age or qualifying patient status before entering
7	a cannabis retail outlet or purchasing cannabis.
8	(b) Safe access to therapeutic cannabis is preserved and expanded in a manner that
9	allows costs to come down, not increase, though integration of participants in the existing
10	therapeutic cannabis program competing on an even footing with other applicants of similar
11	qualifications.
12	(c) Selling, distributing, or transferring cannabis to minors and other individuals under
13	the age of 21 shall remain illegal.
14	(d) Driving under the influence of cannabis shall remain illegal, and funds shall be
15	allocated for increased training of drug recognition experts to spot driving under the influence of
16	substances including cannabis.
17	(e) Moving cannabis production and sales from the underground, sometimes dangerous,
18	illicit market to legal businesses allows for appropriate regulations and control.
19	(f) Cannabis sold in this state will be tested, labeled, and subject to additional
20	regulations to ensure that consumers are informed and protected.
21	(g) Some of the revenue generated from legal cannabis shall be used to support programs
22	for education, prevention, treatment, and recovery related to the use of both legal and illegal drugs.
23	(h) Marketing and advertising to minors is prohibited.
24	(i) Advertising to the general public is prohibited.
25	II. Many years of work have led to this effort which addresses the following goals to put the
26	state of New Hampshire in the driver's seat to focus on harm reduction, not profits, and:
27	(a) Allows the state to control distribution and access through state laws, administrative
28	rules, and local control.
29	(b) Keeps cannabis away from children and schools by establishing 1,000 foot distance
30	requirements for stores, limiting access to retail outlets to people 21 and older or qualified patients,
31	and imposing limits on product design and packaging.

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1	(c) Controls the marketing and messaging by prohibiting advertising which targets the
2	general public, especially minors.
3	(d) Prohibits "marijuana miles" by restricting cannabis retail outlets to one per
4	municipality or one for every 15,000 residents in larger municipalities, as well as empowering local
<b>5</b>	zoning control for these businesses.
6	(e) Empowers towns to keep cannabis out through required ballot measures to allow
7	cannabis retail outlets.
8	(f) Reduces access to poly-drugs by:
9	(1) Introducing 15 stores at first and allowing expanded licenses to reflect demand
10	and allow retail outlets to reach Granite Staters who may still face a prohibitively long drive to
11	reach licensed New Hampshire cannabis retail outlets or out of state options and may continue to
12	turn to the illicit market if the placement of stores does not respond to market demands;
13	(2) Prohibiting beverages that combine alcohol and cannabis; and
14	(3) Prohibiting the inclusion of nicotine or other additives to products which are
15	designed to make the product more addictive.
16	(g) Undercuts the cartels by:
17	(1) Imposing an agency fee of 10 percent on monthly gross total revenue of cannabis
18	sales which is in line with the state excise tax in Massachusetts but well below the total tax burden
19	of approximately 20 percent in that state.
20	(2) Keeping costs low by not requiring a particular store layout, construction, or
21	building contractor to meet appearance guidelines for the exterior of state licensed cannabis retail
22	outlets.
23	(3) Recognizing the need for expanded licenses in the future in order to accommodate
24	locations in more rural areas of the state which are not well positioned to compete for limited
25	licenses.
26	(h) Limiting initial cannabis retail outlet licenses to 15:
27	(1) While prohibiting a controlling interest in more than 3 cannabis retail outlets;
28	and
29	(2) Providing a pathway for expanded licenses as the state establishes a successful
30	long-term sustainable solution to cannabis legalization, while prioritizing harm reduction over
31	profits.
32	(i) Reducing influence of lobbying and donations by:
33	(1) Ensuring that licensing will increase responsibly to balance the need for more
34	cannabis retail outlets in underserved communities; and
35	(2) Ensuring that laws and administrative rules do not pick favorites but rather
36	create a transparent administrative process for applications and selection criteria.

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1	2 New Subparagraphs; Application of Receipts; Cannabis Fund. Amend RSA 6:12, I(b) by
2	inserting after subparagraph 394 the following new subparagraphs:
3	(395) Moneys deposited in the cannabis fund established in RSA 318-F:26.
4	(396) Moneys in the substance use prevention, treatment, and recovery fund
5	established by RSA 318-F:27.
6	(397) Moneys in the community reinvestment fund established in RSA 318-F:28.
7	3 New Subdivision; Substance Use Prevention, Treatment, and Recovery Funds. Amend RSA
8	126-A by inserting after section 105 the following new subdivision:
9	Substance Use Prevention, Treatment, and Recovery Funds
10	126-A:106 Substance Use Prevention, Treatment, and Recovery Funds; Management and
11	Distribution of Funds.
12	I. The commissioner of the department of health and human services, in coordination with
13	the governor's commission on alcohol and drug abuse prevention, treatment, and recovery in RSA 12- $$
14	J shall administer the substance use prevention, treatment, and recovery fund established in RSA
15	318-F:27.
16	II. Funds shall be deposited into the substance use prevention, treatment, and recovery fund
17	as established by 318-F:27 to be distributed by the commissioner of the department of health and
18	human services in coordination with the governor's commission on alcohol and drug abuse
19	prevention, treatment, and recovery in RSA 12-J. Funds may be awarded to a qualifying
20	governmental entity or program for an approved use. All funds shall be nonlapsing and continually
21	appropriated for the purposes of this subdivision.
22	III. The commissioner of the department of health and human services, in coordination with
23	the governor's commission on alcohol and drug abuse prevention, treatment, and recovery in RSA 12-
24	J, shall continue to make distributions from the fund.
25	IV. The commissioner of health and human services shall adopt rules pursuant to RSA 541-
26	A necessary to implement this section. Such rules shall include funding qualifications, application
27	procedures, time-lines for receiving, reviewing, and acting upon application requests, and reporting
28	requirements.
29	V. Allocations shall be used for one or more of the following:
30	(a) Evidence-based, voluntary programs for substance use-related education, prevention,
31	treatment, and recovery.
32	(b) Mental health treatment, with a focus on dual-diagnosis of both mental health and
33	substance misuse disorders.
34	(c) Funding and training to foster an informed, adequately paid behavioral health
35	workforce.
36	(d) Scientifically and medically accurate public education campaigns educating youth
37	and adults about the health and safety risks related to the use of alcohol, tobacco, cannabis, and

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1	other substances, including education campaigns separately targeting youth and adults that provide
2	medically and scientifically accurate information about the health and safety risks posed by cannabis
3	use, including driving under the influence of cannabis.
4	VI. No later than 18 months after the effective date of this section, and every 2 years
<b>5</b>	thereafter, the commissioner of the department of health and human services shall submit an
6	annual report to the governor and fiscal committee of the general court detailing the activities of the
7	administration of the substance use prevention, treatment, and recovery fund, the amount
8	distributed in the past year, the amount remaining in the fund, a summary of how funds were used
9	in the past year, and any recommendations for future legislation.
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11	Amend the bill by deleting section 5 and renumbering the original sections 6 through 17 to read as 5
12	through 16, respectively.
13	
14	Amend the bill by replacing section 5 and 6 with the following:
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16	5 Model Drug Dealer Liability Act; Definition of Illegal Drug. Amend RSA 318-C:4, I to read as
17	follows:
18	I. "Illegal drug" means any drug which is a schedule I-IV drug under RSA 318-B, the
19	possession, use, harvesting, cultivating, manufacture, sale, or transportation of which is
20	not otherwise authorized by law.
21	6 New Chapter; Regulation of Cannabis. Amend RSA by inserting after chapter 318-E the
22	following new chapter:
23	CHAPTER 318-F
24	REGULATION OF CANNABIS
25	318-F:1 Definitions. In this chapter:
26	I. "Alternative treatment center" means an entity as defined in RSA 126-X:1, I.
27	II. "Cannabis" or "marijuana" means all parts of the plant of the genus cannabis containing
28	over 0.3 percent THC on a dry weight basis, whether growing or not, the resin extracted from any
29	part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the
30	plant, or its resin, including cannabis concentrate. "Cannabis" shall not include seeds of plants from
31	the genus cannabis, hemp as defined by RSA 439-A, fiber produced from the stalks, oil, or cake made
32	from the seeds of the plant seeds of the plant or the weight of any other ingredient combined with
33	cannabis to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other product.
34	III. "Cannabis accessories" or "cannabis paraphernalia" means any equipment, products, or
35	materials of any kind that are used, intended for use, or designed for use in planting, propagating,
36	cultivating, growing, harvesting, composting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing,

37 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, or containing cannabis, or

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1 for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing cannabis into the human body. "Cannabis 2 accessories" and "cannabis paraphernalia" does not include products that are not designed or 3 marketed for use related to cannabis, or products designed or intended for cannabis but used for 4 non-cannabis purposes.

5 IV. "Cannabis concentrate" means the resin extracted from any part of a cannabis plant and 6 every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin, including, 7 but not limited to, hashish. Cannabis concentrate shall not include cannabis products made from 8 cannabis concentrate such as, but not limited to, edible products, topical products, and tinctures.

9 V. "Cannabis cultivation facility" or "cultivation facility" means a person licensed by the 10state of New Hampshire to cultivate, prepare, and package cannabis, and sell cannabis to cannabis 11 retail outlets, to cannabis product manufacturing facilities, to limited manufacturers, to alternative 12treatment centers, and to other cannabis cultivation facilities, but not to consumers unless the facility also holds another type of license allowing for direct sales. A cannabis cultivation facility 1314shall not produce cannabis concentrates, tinctures, extracts, or other cannabis products through the 15use of any chemical extraction process, unless the facility also holds another type of license allowing 16for production of cannabis concentrates, tinctures, extracts, or other cannabis products.

17 VI. "Cannabis distributor" means any person licensed to receive, warehouse, and distribute 18 cannabis products between cannabis establishments. A license as a cannabis distributor shall not be 19 required for entities otherwise licensed under this chapter to receive, warehouse, or distribute 20 cannabis.

VII. "Cannabis establishment" means any licensed New Hampshire cannabis cultivation facility, a cannabis testing facility, a cannabis distributor, cannabis limited product manufacturing facility, a cannabis product manufacturing facility, a cannabis retail outlet, a cannabis transporter, or any other type of cannabis business authorized and licensed by the commission.

VIII. "Cannabis flower" means the pistillate reproductive organs of a mature cannabis plant, whether processed or unprocessed, including the flowers and buds of the plant. "Cannabis flower" does not include non-flower portions of the plant or whole mature cannabis plants, but does include kief.

IX. "Cannabis limited product manufacturing facility," "limited product manufacturing facility," or "limited manufacturer" means a person licensed to purchase cannabis, to manufacture, prepare, and package cannabis products, and sell cannabis and cannabis products to other limited manufacturers, to cannabis product manufacturing facilities, to alternative treatment centers, and to cannabis retail outlets, but not to consumers. A limited product manufacturing facility may not use solvents other than water, glycerin, propylene glycol, vegetable oil, or food-grade ethanol.

35 X. "Cannabis product manufacturing facility," "product manufacturing facility," or "cannabis 36 product manufacturer" means a person licensed to purchase cannabis, to manufacture, prepare, and 37 package cannabis products, and sell cannabis and cannabis products to other cannabis product manufacturing facilities, to limited manufacturers, to alternative treatment centers, and to cannabis
retail outlets, but not to consumers.

3 XI. "Cannabis products" means any product that contains cannabis, including cannabis 4 concentrate and products that contain cannabis and other ingredients and are intended for use or 5 consumption, such as, but not limited to, edible products, topical products, and tinctures. This term 6 shall not include cannabis in its plant or flower form.

7 XII. "Cannabis retail outlet" or "cannabis outlet" means a person licensed to purchase 8 cannabis from cannabis cultivation facilities, to purchase cannabis products from cannabis product 9 manufacturing facilities and limited manufacturers, and to sell, transfer, and deliver cannabis and 10 cannabis products to consumers, qualifying patients, and designated caregivers. Online pre-ordering 11 is allowed, but consumers must purchase and pick up cannabis and cannabis products at the 12 cannabis retail store's licensed premise.

XIII. "Cannabis testing facility" or "testing facility" means a person licensed to test cannabis
 and cannabis products for potency and contaminants.

15 XIV. "Cannabis transporter" means a person licensed to transport cannabis and cannabis
16 products between cannabis establishments.

17XV. "Canopy" or "canopy space" means the surface area utilized to produce mature plants 18calculated in square feet and measured using the outside boundaries of any area that includes mature marijuana plants, including all the space within the boundaries. The square footage of 19 20canopy space is measured horizontally starting from the outermost point of the furthest mature 21flowering plant in a designated growing space and continuing around the outside of all mature 22flowering plants located within the designated growing space. If growing spaces are stacked 23vertically, each level of space shall be measured and included as part of the total canopy space 24measurement.

- 25 XVI. "Clone" means a clipping from a cannabis plant that has not taken root. Clone includes
  26 tissue cultures. A clipping which has taken root is a seedling.
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XVII. "Commission" means the New Hampshire liquor and cannabis commission.

28 XVIII. "Consumer" means a person 21 years of age or older who purchases cannabis or 29 cannabis products for personal use by a person 21 years of age or older, but not for resale. 30 "Consumer" does not include a qualifying patient, designated caregiver, or visiting qualifying patient 31 purchasing cannabis from an alternative treatment center pursuant to RSA 126-X.

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XIX. "Controlling interest" means, any of the following:

33 (a) A direct or indirect financial or voting interest of 10 percent or greater in the
 34 applicant, licensee, or franchisee;

35 (b) A direct or indirect financial or voting interest of 10 percent or greater in any 36 business with managerial control over the applicant, licensee, or franchisee; and

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(c) Managerial control over the applicant, licensee, or franchisee.

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1	XX. "Cultivation" or "cultivate" means the planting, propagation, growing, harvesting,
2	drying, curing, grading, trimming, or other processing of cannabis for use or sale. "Cultivation" or
3	"cultivate" does not include manufacturing, testing, or cannabis extraction.
4	XXI. "Department" means the department of health and human services.
<b>5</b>	XXII. "Designated caregiver" means "designated caregiver" as defined in RSA 126-X:1, VI.
6	XXIII. "Documentation" means all records, in any form, including electronic records.
7	XXIV. "Flowering" means, with respect to a cannabis plant, the gametophytic or
8	reproductive state of a female cannabis plant during which the plant is in a light cycle intended to
9	produce flowers, trichomes, and cannabinoids characteristic of cannabis.
10	XXV. "Hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of the plant, whether
11	growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration (THC) of not more than 0.3
12	percent on a dry weight basis.
13	XXVI. "Immature cannabis plant" means a cannabis plant that is not a mature cannabis
14	plant or a seedling.
15	XXVII. "Kief" means the dried or drying resinous trichomes of the cannabis plant that have
16	separated from the cannabis flower or have been separated from the cannabis flower by processes
17	other than extraction.
18	XXVIII. "Manufacturing" or "manufacture" means the production, blending, infusing,
19	compounding or other preparation of cannabis and cannabis products, including, but not limited to,
20	cannabis extraction or preparation by means of chemical synthesis. "Manufacturing" or
21	"manufacture" does not include cultivation or testing.
22	XXIX. "Mature cannabis plant" or "mature plant" means a cannabis plant that has flowered
23	and has buds that may be observed by visual examination.
24	XXX. "Municipality" means a city, town, or an unincorporated place.
25	XXXI. "Person" means a natural person or a business entity.
26	XXXII. "Possession limit" means:
27	(a) Four ounces of cannabis in plant form;
28	(b) Ten grams of cannabis concentrate, which includes, but is not limited to, pre-filled
29	cartridges of cannabis extracts intended for vaporization, but excludes products, such as, edible
30	products, topical products, and tinctures; and
31	(c) Cannabis products other than cannabis concentrate containing no more than 2,000
32	milligrams of THC.
33	XXXIII. "Premises" means and includes all parts of the contiguous real estate occupied by a
34	licensee over which the licensee has direct or indirect control or interest and which the licensee uses
35	in the operation of the licensed business, and which have been approved by the commission as proper

36 places in which to exercise the licensee's privilege.

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1 XXXIV. "Public place" means a place to which the general public has access, and does not  $\mathbf{2}$ include private land, including land in current use. 3 XXXV. "Qualifying patient" means "qualifying patient" as defined in RSA 126-X:1, X. 4XXXVI. "Resident" means a natural person who:  $\mathbf{5}$ (a) Is domiciled in New Hampshire; and 6 (b) Maintains a place of abode in New Hampshire, unless the individual was homeless  $\mathbf{7}$ and residing in New Hampshire for at least 51 percent of the time. 8 XXXVII. "Seedling" means a cannabis plant that has no flowers and is less than 12 inches in 9 height and less than 12 inches in diameter. 10XXXVIII. "THC" means tetrahydrocannabinol. XXXIX. "Therapeutic grade cannabis product" means a cannabis product that exceeds any 11 12potency or serving size limitations created by this chapter and is manufactured by a licensed

alternative treatment center. Therapeutic grade cannabis products sold by an alternative treatment 1314center to a cannabis retail store shall meet the requirements of RSA 126-X and rules issued pursuant to RSA 126-X. Cannabis retail stores may only sell therapeutic grade cannabis products to 1516patients or caregivers. The commission has jurisdiction over therapeutic grade cannabis products 17after they are transferred to a cannabis establishment licensed under this chapter.

18318-F:2 Personal Use of Cannabis.

I. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the following acts, if undertaken by a person 192021 years of age or older, shall not be illegal under New Hampshire law or the law of any political 21subdivision of the state or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under New Hampshire law:

22Possessing, consuming, using, displaying, obtaining, purchasing, processing, (a) 23producing, or transporting an amount of cannabis that does not exceed the possession limit, except 24that no adult other than one who is acting in his or her capacity as a staffer of a cannabis product 25manufacturer licensed pursuant to pursuant to RSA 318-F or an alternative treatment center 26licensed pursuant to RSA 126-X may perform extractions using solvents other than water, glycerin, 27propylene glycol, vegetable oil, or food-grade ethanol.

- 28(b) Transferring an amount of cannabis that does not exceed the possession limit to a person who is 21 years of age or older without remuneration. For purposes of this section, a transfer 2930 is for remuneration if cannabis is given away contemporaneously with another transaction between 31the same parties, if a gift of cannabis is offered or advertised in conjunction with an offer for sale of 32goods, services, or admission to an event, or if the gift of cannabis is contingent upon a separate 33 transaction for goods, services, or the price of admission to an event.
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(c) Transferring cannabis, including cannabis products, to a cannabis testing facility.

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(d) Controlling property where the acts described under this section occur.

36 (e) Assisting another person who is 21 years of age or older in any of the acts described 37 under this section.

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1	II. No law enforcement officer employed by an agency that receives state or local
2	government funds shall expend any state or local resources, including the officer's time, to effect any
3	arrest or seizure of cannabis, or conduct any investigation on the sole basis of activity the officer
4	believes to constitute a violation of federal law if the officer has reason to believe that such activity is
<b>5</b>	in compliance with this chapter.
6	318-F:3 Smoking Cannabis in Public Prohibited; Penalty.
7	No person shall smoke or vaporize cannabis in any public place.
8	I. First offense: Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a violation for the
9	first offense and shall forfeit all cannabis and cannabis products on their person.
10	II. Second offense: Any person who violates this section a second time within 5 years of the
11	first conviction under section I shall be guilty of a violation and shall be fined not more than \$500,
12	and shall forfeit all cannabis and cannabis products on their person.
13	III. Subsequent offense: Any person who violates this section, a third or more times, when
14	having 2 prior convictions within 5 years of the third or subsequent offense, shall be guilty of a
15	misdemeanor.
16	318-F:4 Consuming Cannabis While Operating a Moving Vehicle Prohibited; Penalty.
17	I. No person shall consume, smoke, or vaporize cannabis while driving or attempting to
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	drive a motor vehicle on a way, or while operating or attempting to operate an off-highway
	drive a motor vehicle on a way, or while operating or attempting to operate an off-highway recreational vehicle, snowmobile, boat, vessel, aircraft, or other motorized device used for
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19	recreational vehicle, snowmobile, boat, vessel, aircraft, or other motorized device used for
19 20	recreational vehicle, snowmobile, boat, vessel, aircraft, or other motorized device used for transportation.
19 20 21	recreational vehicle, snowmobile, boat, vessel, aircraft, or other motorized device used for transportation. II. Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a violation and shall be subject to a
19 20 21 22	recreational vehicle, snowmobile, boat, vessel, aircraft, or other motorized device used for transportation. II. Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a violation and shall be subject to a fine not to exceed \$150. In addition, any person who violates paragraph I of this section while
19 20 21 22 23	recreational vehicle, snowmobile, boat, vessel, aircraft, or other motorized device used for transportation. II. Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a violation and shall be subject to a fine not to exceed \$150. In addition, any person who violates paragraph I of this section while driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle on a way may have his or her driver's license, if a

IV. In this section, "driving or attempting to drive" shall not include the physical presence of a person or persons in a vehicle when it is parked, docked, or otherwise in a stationary position that does not create a hazard to others. Idling to provide heat, cooling, power generation, or other stationary use does not constitute operation for the purposes of this section.

- V. A person may not be convicted of both a violation of this section and a violation of RSA
  265-A based on the same incident.
- 33 318-F:5 Cannabis Accessories Authorized.

I. Except as provided by this section, it shall not be illegal under New Hampshire law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of assets under New Hampshire law for a person 21 years of age or older to manufacture, possess, or purchase cannabis accessories, or to distribute or sell cannabis accessories to a person who is 21 years of age or older.

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1 II. Except as provided by this section, a person who is 21 years of age or older, or a business  $\mathbf{2}$ entity, may manufacture, possess, obtain, and purchase cannabis paraphernalia, and may distribute, 3 deliver, or sell cannabis paraphernalia to a person who is 21 years of age or older.

4III. No person or entity shall manufacture, distribute, or sell cannabis accessories that  $\mathbf{5}$ violate rules enacted by the commission. Any person or entity that violates this paragraph shall be 6 guilty of a violation for a first offense and subject to a fine of up to \$1,000 and forfeiture of the  $\mathbf{7}$ cannabis accessories. A person shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor for a second or subsequent 8 offense and shall forfeit the cannabis accessories.

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318-F:6 Odor and Personal Possession of Cannabis Not Grounds for a Search.

10I. Except as provided in paragraph II, the odor of cannabis or burnt cannabis, or the possession of a quantity of cannabis that the officer does not have probable cause to believe exceeds 11 12the possession limit of cannabis, shall not constitute in part or in whole probable cause or reasonable suspicion and shall not be used as a basis to support any stop or search of a person or motor vehicle. 13

14II. Nothing in this section prevents a law enforcement official from conducting a test for 15impairment based in part on the odor of recently burnt cannabis if the law enforcement official 16would otherwise be permitted to do so under New Hampshire law.

17318-F:7 Enforcement Authority.

18I. The commission shall have the primary responsibility for enforcing this chapter. Local, 19county, and state law enforcement officers shall also have jurisdiction to enforce this chapter. Such 20authority may be delegated to agents working under their authority.

- 21II. The commission shall appoint liquor investigators whose primary function shall be the 22proper prosecution of this chapter. The liquor investigators shall have statewide jurisdiction, with 23reference to enforcement of all laws either in cooperation with, or independently of, the officers of 24any county or town. The commission shall have the primary responsibility for the enforcement of all 25cannabis laws upon premises where cannabis and cannabis products are lawfully sold, stored, distributed, or manufactured. Any person violating the provisions of any law may be prosecuted by 2627the commission or any of its investigators as provided in this section, or by county or city attorneys, 28or by sheriffs or their deputies, or by police officials of towns or New Hampshire state police.
- 29III. The commission shall adopt and publish rules pursuant to RSA 541-A, to govern its 30 proceedings and to regulate the mode and manner of all investigations and hearings before it. All 31hearings before the commission shall be in accordance with RSA 541-A:31-36. In any such 32investigation or hearing, the commission shall not be bound by the technical rules of evidence. The 33 commission may subpoen a witnesses and administer oaths in any proceeding or examination 34instituted before or conducted by it, and may compel, by subpoena, the production of any accounts, 35books, contracts, records, documents, memoranda, and papers of any kind whatever. A summons 36 issued by any justice of the peace shall have the same effect as though issued for appearance before 37 such court.

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IV. If any false statement is knowingly made in any statement under oath which may be required by the provisions of this title or by the commission, the person making the same shall be deemed guilty of perjury. The making of any such false statement in any such application or in any such accompanying statements, whether made with or without the knowledge or consent of the applicant, shall, in the discretion of the commission, constitute sufficient cause for the revocation of the license.

V. The commission shall adopt by rule under RSA 541-A a formal enforcement policy for licensees under its jurisdiction. This policy shall specify the disciplinary action, to include but not limited to a schedule of fines as are authorized by this chapter for violations of statutory requirements, which the commission shall take for violations of various laws under its jurisdiction. The enforcement policy shall also specify mitigating and aggravating factors which the commission shall consider in determining penalties for specific actions. Such enforcement policy shall authorize:

(a) Cannabis cultivation facilities to continue to cultivate, prepare, and package, but not
purchase, transfer, or sell cannabis and cannabis products during a suspension or a license
revocation, until such time as there is a final determination that the license be revoked for which no
appeal is available; and

17 (b) Authorize cannabis product manufacturing facilities, limited manufacturers, 18 cannabis testing facilities, and cannabis retail outlets to possess existing cannabis inventory, but not 19 acquire additional cannabis, or dispense, transfer, or sell cannabis during a suspension or a license 20 revocation until such time as there is a final determination that the license be revoked for which no 21 appeal is available.

VI.(a) In applying its enforcement policy, the liquor commission shall establish and enforce
 specific determinate penalties for specific offenses. The commission shall not apply penalties such as
 license suspensions for indefinite periods of time.

(b) In addition to RSA 541-A:30, III, the commission may suspend, for a period designated in rules, without a hearing, any license issued under the provisions of this title, if a risk to public health, safety, or welfare constitutes an emergency requiring such suspension. Any such suspension shall notify such persons designated in rules within 24 hours.

VII. The commission may transfer funds within and among all accounting units within the commission's operating budget and to create accounting units and expenditure classes as required and as the commissioner deems necessary and appropriate to address present or projected budget deficits, or to respond to changes in federal law, regulations, or programs, and otherwise as necessary for the efficient management of the liquor commission and cannabis funds. The provisions of this section shall not be subject to RSA 9:16-a, RSA 9:17-a, and RSA 9:17-c.

35 318-F:8 Cannabis Advisory Board.

I. There shall be a cannabis advisory board to study and make recommendations to the liquor commission consistent with the purpose and findings of this chapter on the regulation of

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cannabis and cannabis products in New Hampshire. The cannabis advisory board shall also consider
 educational and financing opportunities for participants in the New Hampshire cannabis market.

3 II. No later than 90 days after the effective date of this chapter, the advisory board shall be 4 appointed. The board shall consist of 21 members, and shall consist of: the chair of the commission or designee; a certified public health official appointed by the chair of the governor's commission on  $\mathbf{5}$ alcohol and drug abuse prevention, treatment, and recovery in RSA 12-J; a medical provider as 6  $\mathbf{7}$ appointed by the president of the New Hampshire Medical Society; the commissioner of the 8 department of health and human services or designee; the commissioner of the department of 9 education or designee; a mental health professional appointed by the executive director of NAMI 10(National Alliance on Mental Illness) New Hampshire; one expert in cannabis cultivation; one expert in cannabis retailing; one expert in cannabis product manufacturing; one expert in cannabis testing; 11 12one board member or officer of an alternative treatment center; 2 registered therapeutic cannabis patients; one individual who represents cannabis consumers; the president of the New Hampshire 1314association of chiefs of police or designee; a prevention specialist who is currently certified by the 15New Hampshire prevention certification board; a state senator, appointed by the senate president; 2 16state representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house, one cannabis financial services expert; and one attorney with primary focus on cannabis industry practice. Except as otherwise specified, 1718members shall be appointed by the governor.

19 III. Members of the board shall serve terms of 2 years. Members of the board shall serve 20 without compensation but shall be reimbursed for their expenses actually and necessarily incurred 21 in the discharge of their official duties, including mileage at the state employee rate for attendance 22 to meetings and other official functions. Members forfeit their position on the cannabis advisory 23 board and shall be removed if:

24

(a) They fail to attend any 2 consecutive meetings; or

25 (b) They fail to attend more than one out of every 3 meetings during a year with 4 or 26 more meetings. A member may continue to serve after the expiration of his or her term until a 27 replacement is appointed unless he or she was removed due to misconduct or inadequate attendance.

IV. The board shall meet at its discretion, provided it shall meet no less frequently than once every 2 months for the first 9 months after the effective date of this section, and that it shall meet no less frequently than once every 6 months thereafter. The chair of the board may appoint subcommittees.

32 V.(a) A majority of the appointed members of the board shall constitute a quorum of the 33 cannabis advisory board.

34

(b) A quorum is only required for voting matters.

35

VI. The cannabis advisory board shall:

36 (a) Advise the commission on rules to ensure the thorough and efficient implementation37 of this chapter.

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1	(b) Advise the commission on whether additional cannabis retail outlets and cannabis
2	cultivation canopy should be licensed, and, if so, how many.
3	(c) Advise the commission on what additional types of cannabis establishments, if any,
4	the commission should license, including on-site consumption facilities, along with recommendations
<b>5</b>	on their licensure and regulation.
6	(d) Advise the commission on whether it should establish a state reference laboratory, or
7	whether an agreement with another state's reference laboratory is possible.
8	(e) Consider all matters submitted to it by the commission.
9	(f) Hold a hearing to solicit public input no less frequently than once every 6 months,
10	including input on the availability of reasonably priced therapeutic cannabis.
11	(g) Review any new science-based evidence of public health issues on the use of
12	cannabis.
13	(h) Advise the commission on spending and recommend any modifications to ensure the
14	thorough and efficient implementation of this chapter.
15	318-F:9 Regulation of Cannabis.
16	I. Not later than 18 months after the effective date of this section, the commission shall
17	adopt rules, pursuant to RSA 541-A, for the issuance of cultivation facility licenses. Not later than
18	20 months after the effective date of this section, the commission shall adopt rules, pursuant to RSA
19	541-A, for the licensure and regulation of all other cannabis establishments. The rules shall include
20	the following:
21	(a) Procedures for the application, issuance, transfer, denial, approval, renewal,
22	suspension, and revocation of a license for cannabis establishments. Rules shall include provisions
23	for cannabis retail outlets to be selected through a request for application process.
24	(b) A schedule of reasonable application, licensing, and annual renewal fees, provided:
25	(1) That the non-refundable portion of application fees shall not exceed \$1,000, with
26	this upper limit adjusted annually for inflation;
27	(2) The application, licensing, and annual renewal fees for the smallest tier of
28	cultivation facilities may not exceed \$250;
29	(3) The non-refundable portion of application fees for a limited manufacturer may
30	not exceed \$100;
31	(4) All licensing and annual renewal fees, other than cultivation facilities, shall not
32	exceed \$10,000;
33	(5) That cultivation facility licensing fees be tiered based on the size of the facilities,
34	with a maximum fee of \$7,500; and
35	(6) That the licensing and annual renewal fees for a limited manufacturer may not
36	exceed \$2,500.

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1	(c) Qualifications and disqualifications for licensure that are directly and demonstrably
2	related to the operation of a cannabis establishment, and which may not disqualify applicants solely
3	for having a prior history of criminal convictions for cannabis offenses prior to the effective date of
4	this chapter.
<b>5</b>	(d) Rules governing the selection of cannabis retail outlets to include, but not limited to:
6	(1) Prohibiting the licensure of more than 15 cannabis retail outlets within the first
7	30 months after the effective date of this chapter.
8	(2) Providing that a major criteria in assessing the relative merits of each
9	application will incorporate the successful operation of an alternative treatment center registered
10	under RSA 126-X and may convert to a cannabis retail outlet for sales permitted under this chapter
11	and RSA 126-X.
12	(3) Determining whether to increase the number of cannabis retail outlets, and, if so,
13	by how many, with goals of:
14	(A) Avoiding an overconcentration or oversaturation of stores;
15	(B) Keeping New Hampshire cannabis consumers' purchases within New
16	Hampshire;
17	(C) Outcompeting the illicit market by providing reasonable prices and
18	accessibility; and
19	(D) Licensing sufficient cannabis retail outlets to avoid a secondary market for
20	the transfer or sale of cannabis retail outlet licenses. One indicator of such a secondary market
21	would be an increase in the intrinsic market value of a cannabis retail outlet beyond the premium
22	reasonably attributed to eliminating the time and compliance steps required to obtain licensure.
23	(4) Ensuring an equitable distribution of cannabis retail outlets based on geography
24	and population, including
25	(A) Providing for no more than the greater of one cannabis retail outlet per
26	municipality or no more than one cannabis retail outlet per 15,000 residents of a municipality.
27	(B) Increasing access to legal cannabis in New Hampshire for people throughout
28	the state.
29	(5) Providing that no cannabis retail outlets may be located within 1,000 feet of a
30	pre-existing cannabis retail outlet unless the municipality where the establishment seeks to operate
31	has established a smaller distance limitation or waived the restriction.
32	(6) Procedures to revoke the license of any cannabis retail outlet that is not
33	operational within the latter of 20 months of receiving its license or 2 months after the commissioner
34	authorizes retail sales to begin. However, the cannabis retail outlet shall be granted one or more 6-
35	month extensions if:

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1	(A) The cannabis retail outlet demonstrates it is making substantial progress
2	towards becoming operational and the delay is not due to its failure to act in good faith and with
3	reasonable diligence; or
4	(B) The delay is due to a lack of sufficient cannabis or cannabis products because
<b>5</b>	of delays in cultivation facilities becoming operational.
6	(7) Procedures to accept applications for cannabis retail outlets within 3 months of a
7	license being revoked, surrendered, or not renewed.
8	(e) Regulations governing the selection and licensure of cultivation facilities, including:
9	(1) A cap on the total licensed canopy and a cap on the number of cultivation
10	facilities based on anticipated demand. The cap must be reassessed at least once every year. It
11	must be high enough to ensure a competitive market, and it must account for some facilities having
12	crop failures, cannabis that fails testing, and demand from visiting states;
13	(2) Procedures to revoke the license for any cultivation facility that is not operational
14	within 20 months of receiving its license, and to accept applications for a new licensee. However, the
15	licensee shall be granted one or more 6-month extensions if the cultivation facility demonstrates it is
16	making substantial progress towards becoming operational and the delay is not due to its failure to
17	act in good faith and with reasonable diligence;
18	(3) Procedures to accept applications for cultivation facilities within 3 months of a
19	license being revoked, surrendered, or not renewed; and
20	(4) Regulations creating at least 2 tiers of cultivation facilities, based on the size of
21	the facility or the number of plants cultivated and providing:
22	(A) That outdoor cultivation facilities must be allowed to cultivate 3 times the
23	square footage of canopy as indoor cultivation facilities of the same tier;
24	(B) The largest tier must be no larger than 5,000 square feet of canopy for indoor
25	cultivation, or no larger than 15,000 square feet of canopy for outdoor cultivation; provided that the
26	square footage of each level of vertical shelving or other levels shall count toward the total canopy;
27	(C) That security regulations and licensing fees shall vary based on the size of
28	the cultivation facility and that regulatory burdens shall be no more onerous than is reasonably
29	necessary; and
30	(D) That cultivation facilities may move up to a higher tier at least once per year
31	if they meet the security requirements and pay the associated fee, except that the commission may
32	suspend this provision in the event of an oversupply.
33	(f) Record keeping requirements for cannabis establishments, including requirements for
34	implementation and compliance with the distribution tracking system required by this chapter.
35	(g) Requirements for the transportation and distribution of cannabis and cannabis

36 products between cannabis establishments, including approved packaging, documentation that shall

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1 accompany any cannabis and cannabis products being transported, warehoused, or distributed, by  $\mathbf{2}$ cannabis cultivation facilities.

3 (h) Procedures for the delivery of cannabis to consumers, including documentation that 4 shall accompany any cannabis being transported to consumers.

 $\mathbf{5}$ 

(i) A schedule of civil fines as are authorized in this chapter for violations of chapter 6 requirements, provided that, not later than 18 months after the effective date of this chapter the 7commission shall report to the chairpersons of the house and senate ways and means committees its 8 proposal for a fine schedule and for legislation needed to implement the schedule.

9 (i) Procedures for hearings on penalties, including civil fines and suspensions and 10revocations of a cannabis establishment license.

(k) Reasonable security requirements for each type of cannabis establishment, which 11 12may be varied based on the size of the cannabis establishment.

13

(l) Health and safety rules, including but not limited to the packaging and preparing of 14cannabis and cannabis products, restricting the use of pesticides and other chemicals used during cultivation and processing that may be dangerous to cannabis consumers, and sanitation 1516requirements.

17(m) Restrictions on the logos, signage, marketing, and display of cannabis and cannabis 18products, including but not limited to:

19 (1) A prohibition on mass-market campaigns that have a high likelihood of reaching 20minors,

2122

(2) A prohibition on marketing to minors, including marketing specifically related to social media;

23

(3) Restrictions to prevent cannabis from being marketed to minors,

(4) A prohibition on cannabis products that are named, packaged, marketed, or 24designed in a way that mimics or is likely to cause confusion with commercially available, 2526trademarked non-cannabis products, including relating to their logos, the sound of the product or 27brand, packaging, taste, appearance, and commercial impression,

28

A prohibition on giveaways of cannabis, cannabis products, or cannabis (5)accessories, including samples;

2930

(6) A prohibition on neon signs;

31(7) A prohibition on signage, cannabis retail outlet logos, and advertisements that 32include slang for cannabis, images of cannabis or cannabis paraphernalia, or images that encourage 33 over-consumption.

34(8) A requirement that each cannabis retail outlet include in its name "[City or 35Town] Cannabis Outlet" or "New Hampshire Cannabis Outlet." The commission may require 36 approval of any retail outlet name to ensure it does not encourage overconsumption, appeal to 37 minors, or otherwise violate reasonable restrictions on naming.

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1 (9) The commission may develop rules around the finish and quality of exterior of  $\mathbf{2}$ buildings and lot, which may include limits on colors and fonts for signage and logos. The 3 commission may design a standard logo all outlets must use, with the only variation being their 4outlet name. (n) Restrictions on where a cannabis cultivation facility may be located, consistent with  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 the provisions of this chapter. 7(o) Restrictions on the hours of sale when a cannabis retail outlet may sell cannabis and 8 cannabis products, provided the regulations shall not allow cannabis retail outlets to begin sales 9 before 6:00 a.m. or to sell cannabis or cannabis products after 11:45 p.m. 10(p) Establishing a voluntary process whereby a cannabis establishment may request approval of packaging, labeling, signage, a logo, marketing, or advertising to confirm it conforms 11 12with the commission's interpretation of its rules. The commission shall respond within 30 days with approval or denial, with an explanation accompanying any denial. A fee of no greater than \$250 may 1314be charged for each review. 15(q) Packaging, product manufacturing, and labeling requirements for cannabis and 16cannabis products, including: 17(1) Mandating the disclosure of the THC content of each product; 18(2) Requirements to ensure cannabis products and cannabis and cannabis products' 19packaging are not designed to appeal to or be attractive to minors, including providing that they 20cannot be in the shape of cartoons, toys, animals, or people; 21(3) Establishing the maximum amount of THC that may be included in each serving 22of edible or drinkable cannabis product, as 5 milligrams; and the maximum amount of THC that may 23be included in each package of edible or drinkable cannabis product as 100 milligrams; 24(4) Prohibiting flavors and designs of cannabis-infused beverages, oils, and edibles 25that closely resemble or imitate candy flavors that are marketed specifically to minors; 26(5) Prohibiting statements on the label or packaging that are false or misleading; 27(6) Prohibiting any written statements on the label or packaging that are illegible; 28(7) Prohibiting packaging or labeling that contains subliminal or similarly deceptive 29advertising techniques; 30 (8) Prohibiting packaging or labeling that features a depiction of athletes that is 31deceptive and misleading in that it implies that consuming cannabis or cannabis products is 32conducive to athletic skill or physical prowess, or that consuming cannabis does not hinder the 33 athlete's performance; 34(9) Prohibiting packaging or labeling that features illustrations, subject matter, or 35other attributes that are consistent with products marketed toward children and youths;

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1	(10) Prohibiting packaging or labeling that features a depiction of consumption of
2	cannabis or cannabis products while seated in, about to enter, operating, or about to operate an
3	automobile or other machinery;
4	(11) Prohibiting packaging or labeling that encourages excessive consumption;
5	(12) Prohibiting packaging or labeling that does not indicate in a manner that is
6	sufficiently clear that the product contains cannabis or cannabis products or that might result in
7	confusion regarding whether the product is a cannabis or cannabis products;
8	(13) Prohibiting packaging or labeling that is offered for sale under the name,
9	identity, or characteristics of another food or beverage or mimics another food or beverage or the
10	characteristics of another food or beverage;
11	(14) Requiring packaging that is designed or constructed to be significantly difficult
12	for children under 5 years of age to open, and not difficult for adults to use properly; and
13	(15) Require packaging include warnings, including but not limited to, those
14	described in RSA 318-F:17.
15	(r) Health and safety rules and standards for the cultivation of cannabis and the
16	manufacture of cannabis products, including:
17	(1) Prohibitions on additives to products that are toxic, misleading to consumers, or
18	designed to make the product more appealing to children;
19	(2) Safety standards regulating the manufacture of cannabis extracts and
20	concentrated cannabis products; and
21	(3) A prohibition on the inclusion of nicotine, alcohol, and other additives to products
22	that are designed to make the product more addictive or more intoxicating.
23	(s) Standards for the operation of testing laboratories, including requirements for
24	equipment and qualifications for personnel.
25	(t) Requirements for the testing of cannabis and cannabis products, including but not
26	limited to:
27	(1) Requirements to ensure at a minimum that cannabis and cannabis products sold
28	for human consumption do not contain contaminants that are injurious to health and to ensure
29	correct labeling;
30	(2) That testing shall include, but not be limited to, analysis for residual solvents,
31	poisons, or toxins; harmful chemicals; dangerous molds or mildew; filth; dangerous pesticides and
32	fungicides; heavy metals; and harmful microbials, such as E. coli or salmonella;
33	(3) Threshold levels for each contaminant listed in subparagraph (2);
34	(4) Providing that in the event that test results indicate the presence of quantities of
35	any substance determined to be injurious to health, such cannabis and cannabis products shall be
36	immediately quarantined and immediate notification to the commission shall be made. The
37	contaminated product shall be documented and properly destroyed;

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1	(5) That testing shall also verify THC and other cannabinoid potency
2	representations for correct labeling;
3	(6) That the commission shall determine an acceptable variance for potency
4	representations and procedures to address potency misrepresentations;
<b>5</b>	(7) Potency limits for cannabis products, after consultation with and approval of the
6	cannabis advisory board including a public hearing specifically related to the topic of potency;
7	(8) Allowances for remediation of cannabis and cannabis products whose test results
8	are in excess of established thresholds;
9	(9) Minimum testing requirements for an effective cannabis and cannabis product
10	quality assurance program for cannabis cultivation facilities, limited manufacturers, and cannabis
11	product manufacturing facilities; and
12	(10) That the commission shall determine the protocols and frequency of cannabis
13	testing by a cannabis testing facility.
14	(u) Reasonable health and safety restrictions on cannabis accessories that may be
15	manufactured or sold in New Hampshire, including a prohibition on any vaporization device that
16	includes toxic or addictive additives. The commission may prohibit types of vaporizers that are
17	particularly likely to be utilized by minors without detection, but may not completely ban or
18	unreasonably restrict the manufacture or sale of vaporization devices.
19	(v) Annual mandatory training and continuing education required or recommended for
20	licensees, which shall include, but not be limited to, training on checking photo identification and for
21	false identification.
22	(w) Requirements that cannabis retail outlets stock cannabis products, including flower,
23	with low and moderate amounts of THC and that they be at least as prominently displayed as high
24	potency products or therapeutic grade cannabis products.
25	(x) Restrictions on where a cannabis establishment may be located, consistent with the
26	provisions of this chapter.
27	(y) Rules governing changes in ownership and changes in location for cannabis
28	establishments, provided that until a cannabis establishment has been fully operational for at least
29	12 months, no more than 35 percent of the original ownership interest can be transferred. The
30	commission may grant exceptions for good cause, such as the death of an individual owner.
31	(z) Procedures and notices relating to all recalls of any products.
32	(aa) A requirement that any label, and for certain products where appropriate, include a
33	standard, recognizable symbol that a product contains cannabis or THC.
34	(bb) A prohibition on the manufacture and sale of cannabis infused alcoholic beverages.
35	II. Privacy Protections.
36	(a) In order to ensure that individual privacy is protected, the commission shall not
37	require a consumer to provide a cannabis retail outlet or any other cannabis establishment that sells

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direct to consumers with personal information other than government-issued identification to determine the consumer's age, and a cannabis establishment shall not be required to acquire and record personal information about consumers.

4 (b) In order to ensure that individual privacy is protected, no cannabis establishment 5 may record or store a consumer's name, address, purchases, or contact information unless the 6 consumer consents in writing. No cannabis establishment may make granting permission for the 7 collection or storage of the above information a condition of a consumer purchasing cannabis from 8 the establishment.

9 III. Not later than 18 months after the effective date of this chapter, the commission, in 10 consultation with the department, shall develop an informational handout, which cannabis retail 11 outlets shall make available to all consumers, and which shall include information detailed in RSA 12 318-F:17.

The commission shall require all cannabis establishments to utilize an electronic 13IV. 14inventory tracking system, including use of a universal product code, for tracking the transfer of 15cannabis and cannabis products between licensed cannabis establishments and the sale of cannabis 16and cannabis products to consumers. The system shall ensure an accurate accounting of the 17production, processing, and sale of cannabis and cannabis products and shall enable separate 18tracking of cannabis flowers, immature plants, and other parts of cannabis sold from cannabis cultivation facilities. The system must allow for the tracking of lab testing results for all cannabis 19 20and must be capable of swiftly identifying all products involved in a product recall. The commission 21may develop and maintain a system that satisfies the requirements of this section, or it may select a 22vendor to develop and maintain a system.

V. No later than 15 months after the effective date of this chapter, and every year thereafter, the commission shall reevaluate the fines and penalties established in RSA 318-F, and shall report in writing on its findings and recommendations to the chairpersons of the house of representatives and senate ways and means committees.

VI. The commission shall also have the authority to regulate synthetic cannabinoids and
 intoxicating products derived from hemp.

VII. No later than 36 months after the effective date of this section, after receiving input from the cannabis advisory board, the commission shall make written recommendations to the general court regarding the regulation of hemp including:

32

(a) What hemp products the commission would regulate;

33 (b) How the products would be regulated, including whether licensure would be required
34 and whether hemp processors and manufacturers should be licensed and regulated by the
35 commission;

36 (c) Any license fees or other charges that would be assessed on hemp products and 37 license fees assessed on hemp processors and manufacturers;

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1	(d) The resources required to regulate hemp processors, product manufacturers, hemp
2	products, and the retail sale of intoxicating hemp products; and
3	(e) The regulations governing the production and the sale of intoxicating ingestible or
4	smokable products containing hemp-derived cannabinoids may not be less restrictive than the
<b>5</b>	provisions of RSA 318-F or administrative rules enacted pursuant to RSA 541-A. For purposes of
6	this section, "intoxicating ingestible or smokable products containing hemp-derived cannabinoids"
7	means any product that is intended to be consumed by humans or animals through inhalation or
8	ingestion containing tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acids that are artificially or
9	natural derived from hemp where inhalation or ingestion is reasonably likely to result in
10	alternations of perception, cognition, or behavior.
11	VIII. No later than December 1, 2024, the commission, jointly with the department, shall
12	develop draft legislation to:
13	(a) Transfer regulatory authority of the therapeutic cannabis program authorized under
14	RSA 126-X, in whole or in part, to the commission; and
15	(b) Regulate cannabis retail outlets' sale of cannabis and cannabis products to qualifying
16	patients and designated caregivers.
17	318-F:10 Prohibitions: Advertising Cannabis Sales.
18	I. Except as provided in this section, no person may advertise cannabis sales.
19	(a) The prohibition includes, but is not limited to advertising by radio, television,
20	billboard advertising, sound trucks, outdoor internally illuminated screen displays, in print,
21	broadcast, and in-person solicitation of customers outside of the premises of the cannabis retail
22	outlet or alternative treatment center.
23	(b) This does not prohibit appropriate signs on the property of the cannabis retail outlet
24	or alternative treatment center, listings in business directories including online business listings,
25	advertising on platforms or publications that are solely focused on cannabis, listings in trade or
26	medical publications, the sponsorship of health or not-for-profit charity or advocacy events, or
27	communications with previous customers of the retail outlet or alternative treatment center.
28	(c) This does not prohibit cannabis establishments from directly soliciting other cannabis
29	establishments.
30	II. A violation of this section is punishable by a civil fine of up to \$1,000 for a first offense. A
31	subsequent violation is punishable by a civil fine of up to \$5,000. These penalties are in addition to

32 possible suspension or revocation of a cannabis establishment license.

- 33 318-F:11 Entry to Cannabis Retail Outlets Limited.
- 34 Entry to cannabis retail outlets shall be restricted to people:
- I. Twenty-one years of age or older who present official documentation listed in RSA 179:8 which is consistent with the appearance of the person, is not expired, and is free of alteration, erasure, blemish, or other impairment to verify age; or

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1	II. Qualifying patients.
2	318-F:12 Licensing Procedures for Cannabis Establishments.
3	I. Each application for a license to operate a cannabis establishment shall be submitted to
4	the commission.
<b>5</b>	II. Each application shall include the fee established by the commission and a \$500 fee for
6	the municipality to review the application, except that the municipal fee shall be $$75$ in the case of
7	the smallest tier of cultivation facilities and limited manufacturers.
8	III. The commission shall:
9	(a) Accept and process applications beginning no later than 2 months after the issuance
10	of rules governing the category of cannabis establishment for which the rules were adopted.
11	(b) Immediately forward a copy of each application and the municipal fee to the
12	municipality in which the applicant desires to operate the cannabis establishment; and
13	(c) Issue a license to the applicant within 120 days after receipt of an application unless:
14	(1) The commission finds the applicant is not in compliance with the requirements of
15	this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter;
16	(2) The commission has not been notified by the relevant municipality that the
17	applicant is in compliance with an ordinance adopted pursuant to this chapter and in effect at the
18	time of application; or
19	(3) More qualified applicants have applied than the number of licenses available for
20	that category of cannabis establishment, and the applicant was not selected.
21	(d) Accept and process applications on an ongoing basis.
22	IV. Each license applies to a single parcel of real property, and multiple licenses per
23	property are permitted. Any additional address which is not contiguous with the licensed property
24	requires a separate application and license.
25	V. A renewal application may be submitted up to 90 days prior to the expiration of the
26	cannabis establishment's license. The renewal application shall be granted within 30 days of its
27	submission unless the applicant has not paid the fee, the cannabis establishment's license is
28	suspended or revoked, or the cannabis establishment has a pattern of violations of this law, the rules
29	issued pursuant to it, or municipal regulations.
30	VI. Conditional approval pending securing property.
31	(a) An applicant may not be rejected on the basis that the applicant has not purchased
32	or leased the property where the cannabis establishment would be located. However, the applicant
33	may be required to specify the municipality in which it intends to operate.
34	(b) The commission shall provide conditional approval for applicants that have not yet
35	purchased or leased the property where the cannabis establishment would be located, or who require

36 additional work on the business.

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1 (c) Once the applicant provides the commission with a completed, supplemental 2 application that identifies the property where the cannabis establishment is to be located, the 3 commission shall forward the information to the local regulatory authority and approve or reject the 4 final application within 45 days.

- 5 VII. Except as provided in RSA 318-F:14, nothing in this chapter prevents a person or entity 6 from holding multiple types of cannabis licenses and from co-locating the businesses.
- $\mathbf{7}$

318-F:13 Enactment of Municipal Ordinances.

8 I. The voters of every municipality shall vote on whether to allow cannabis retail outlets in 9 their municipality at the first municipal election after July 1, 2024, unless the municipality elects to 10include this question at the November 2024 biennial election. The wording of the questions shall be substantially as follows: "Shall we allow the operation of cannabis retail outlets within this city or 11 12town?" The recount of any local option vote, the procedures for holding such a recount, the 13declaration of the results of such a recount, and the procedure for an appeal from such a recount 14shall be as provided in RSA 660:13-15. A municipality's prohibition on cannabis establishments 15shall not prohibit transportation through the municipality or deliveries within the municipality by 16cannabis establishments located in other jurisdictions.

II. A municipality where a vote to allow cannabis retail outlets or non-retail cannabis establishments fails shall propose the question to voters again in a subsequent municipal election upon a petition. The petition shall be of not less than 5 percent of the legal voters within the city or town filed with the secretary of state within the timeframe regulating other ballot measures for municipal elections. The same requirements established in paragraph I shall apply to that subsequent municipal election.

III. A municipality may enact an ordinance limiting the number of each type of cannabis
 establishment that may be permitted within the municipality and regulating the time, place, and
 manner of operation of a cannabis establishment, which is permitted within the municipality.

IV. A municipality may enact an ordinance specifying the entity within the municipality that shall be responsible for reviewing applications submitted for a license to operate a cannabis establishment within the municipality. The entity designated by the municipality, or the municipality if no such entity is designated, shall be responsible for indicating whether the application is in compliance with municipal ordinances and notifying the applicant and the commission within 90 days.

V. A municipality may not negotiate or enter into an agreement with a cannabis establishment or a cannabis establishment applicant requiring that the cannabis establishment or applicant provide money, donations, in-kind contributions, services, or anything of value to the locality.

36 VI. If a municipality has passed an innovative land use control relative to cannabis
 37 establishments, it shall notify the liquor commission within 90 days of passage. Municipalities

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1 without zoning ordinances or which have failed to pass an innovative land use control relative to  $\mathbf{2}$ cannabis establishments will be governed by the provisions of RSA 318-F and administrative rules 3 relating to cannabis establishments enacted pursuant to RSA 541-A. No local ordinance may be less 4restrictive than the provisions of RSA 318-F or administrative rules enacted pursuant to RSA 541-A. 318-F:14 Financial Interests Prohibited.

 $\mathbf{5}$ 

6 I. No cannabis testing facility or individual with a controlling interest in a cannabis testing 7facility shall have a direct or indirect financial interest in an alternative treatment center, a 8 cannabis retail outlet, a cannabis cultivation facility, a limited manufacturer, or a cannabis product 9 manufacturing facility.

10II. Prior to 2 years after the effective date of this chapter, no person or business entity may 11 have a controlling interest in more than 3 cannabis establishments of any single category.

12III. Beginning 2 years after the effective date of this chapter, no person or business entity may have a controlling interest in more than 20 percent of operational cultivation facilities, limited 1314manufacturers, product manufacturing facilities, or cannabis retail outlets, unless the person or 15business entity has a controlling interest in no more than 3 cannabis establishments of a single 16category.

17IV. Beginning 2 years after the effective date of this chapter, no person or business entity 18may have a controlling interest in more than 50 percent of cannabis testing facilities, unless the 19 person or entity has a controlling interest in no more than 3 cannabis testing facilities.

20V. No cannabis establishment or individual with a controlling interest in a cannabis 21establishment may hold a controlling interest in a vendor that provides cannabis inventory tracking 22in New Hampshire.

23VI. No vendor that provides cannabis inventory tracking in New Hampshire and no 24individual with a controlling interest in a vendor that provides cannabis inventory tracking in New 25Hampshire may hold a controlling interest in a cannabis establishment.

26VII. In this section, "controlling interest" means a financial or voting interest of 10 percent 27or greater.

28318-F:15 Residency Required.

29I. Except as provided in this section, any person applying for a cannabis establishment 30 license shall have been a resident, or shall have at least one director, officer, or partner who has 31been a New Hampshire resident, for at least 3 years immediately preceding the date of application.

32

II. This section shall not apply to an applicant for a testing facility license.

33 III. Each cannabis establishment must be registered with the secretary of state's office with 34its principal place of business located in New Hampshire.

35318-F:16 Restrictions on Location Near Schools. No cannabis establishment shall operate, nor 36 shall a prospective cannabis establishment apply for a license, if the establishment would be located

1 within 1,000 feet of the property line of a pre-existing public or private elementary or secondary  $\mathbf{2}$ school. 3 318-F:17 Informational Materials, Warning Labels, and Medical Lock Boxes.  $\mathbf{4}$ I. The commission, in consultation with the department, shall design at least 2 versions of  $\mathbf{5}$ informational handout, one of which is specific to high potency products. 6 II. A cannabis retail outlet and any other cannabis establishment selling directly to 7 consumers shall include an informational handout designed by the commission in consultation with 8 the department and the cannabis advisory board with all cannabis and cannabis products sold to 9 consumers, and shall include the high potency version in all cannabis concentrates and other high 10potency sales. The informational handouts shall include scientifically accurate information, 11 including: 12(a) Advice about the potential risks of cannabis, and, in the case of the high potency 13handout, risks specific to high potency products, including: 14(1) The risks of driving under the influence of cannabis, and the fact that doing so is 15illegal; 16(2) Any adverse effects unique to adolescents or young adults, including effects 17related to the developing mind; (3) Potential adverse events and other risks, including related to mental health; and 1819Risks of using cannabis during pregnancy or breastfeeding. This may be (4)20identical to that required under RSA 126-X:8, XVI(c)(7). 21(b) Information about methods for administering cannabis; 22(c) How long cannabis may impair a person after it is ingested in each manner; (d) How to recognize cannabis use disorder and how to obtain appropriate services or 2324treatment: 25(e) Information regarding safe storage and disposal of cannabis and paraphernalia to 26prevent accidental poisonings, including the contact information for the Northern New England 27Poison Control Center. This may be identical to that required under RSA 126-X:8, XVI(c)(8); and 28(f) Subject to federal statutory law or case law, a disclosure that: 29(1) Cannabis is illegal under U.S. federal law, and 30 (2) The ability of users of cannabis to purchase or own a gun under federal law is currently in the federal courts, and the ultimate resolution is uncertain. 3132III. The commission shall require cannabis retail outlets to display informational posters in 33 conspicuous locations about the risks of cannabis use, including regarding risks during pregnancy 34and breastfeeding and risks of cannabis use in adolescents or by younger adults. The posters shall 35be scientifically accurate. 36 IV. All cannabis and cannabis products sold by a cannabis retail outlet shall include

warning labels that provide the following information: "Warning: This product has intoxicating

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1 effects. For use by adults 21 and older. Keep out of reach of children." The commission may 2 require a standard, recognizable symbol on all cannabis packaging to signify that THC or other 3 cannabinoids are included in the product.

4

V. All cannabis products sold by cannabis retail outlets shall include:

5 (a) A warning label that provides, "Caution: When eaten or swallowed, the intoxicating 6 effects of this product may be delayed," unless the commission determines that a specific time frame 7 should be specified.

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(b) A disclosure of ingredients and possible allergens.

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(c) A nutritional fact panel, if the cannabis product is a food-based product.

(d) Opaque, child-resistant packaging, which shall be designed or constructed to be
significantly difficult for children under 5 years of age to open and not difficult for normal adults to
use properly as defined by 16 C.F.R. section 1700.20.

VI. All cannabis retail outlets shall include in their inventory medical lock boxes for sale to
help keep cannabis and cannabis products away from children.

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318-F:18 Lawful Operation of Cannabis-Related Facilities.

I. Except as provided in this section, if undertaken by a person 21 years of age or older, the
following acts shall not be illegal under New Hampshire law or be a basis for seizure or forfeiture of
assets under New Hampshire law:

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19 Possessing, displaying, warehousing, transporting, or distributing cannabis or (a) 20cannabis products; obtaining or purchasing cannabis from a cannabis cultivation facility; delivering 21or transferring cannabis to a cannabis testing facility; obtaining or purchasing cannabis or cannabis 22products from a cannabis product manufacturing facility or limited manufacturer; or sale, delivery, 23or distribution of cannabis or cannabis products to an adult who is 21 years of age or older, a qualifying patient, a designated caregiver or to cannabis retail outlets or alternative treatment 24centers, if the person or business entity conducting the activities described in this paragraph has 25obtained a current, valid license to operate a cannabis retail outlet or is acting in his or her capacity 2627as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed cannabis retail outlet.

28(b) Cultivating, harvesting, processing, packaging, transporting, distributing, displaying, 29or possessing cannabis; obtaining or purchasing cannabis seeds from any adult 21 years of age or 30 older; delivering or transferring cannabis to a cannabis testing facility; selling or transferring 31cannabis that has not been processed into extracts, concentrates, or other preparations to a cannabis 32cultivation facility, a cannabis product manufacturing facility, a limited manufacturer, or a cannabis 33 retail outlet or alternative treatment center; or obtaining or purchasing cannabis from a cannabis 34cultivation facility, if the person or business entity conducting the activities described in this 35paragraph has obtained a current, valid license to operate a cannabis cultivation facility or is acting 36 in his or her capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed cannabis cultivation facility.

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1 Packaging, processing, transporting, manufacturing, displaying, or possessing (c)  $\mathbf{2}$ cannabis or cannabis products; delivering or transferring cannabis or cannabis products to a 3 cannabis testing facility; selling cannabis or cannabis products to a cannabis retail outlet, 4alternative treatment center, limited manufacturer, or a cannabis product manufacturing facility;  $\mathbf{5}$ purchasing or obtaining cannabis from a cannabis cultivation facility; or purchasing or obtaining 6 cannabis or cannabis products from a cannabis product manufacturing facility or limited 7manufacturer, if the person or business entity conducting the activities described in this paragraph 8 has obtained a current, valid license to operate a cannabis product manufacturing facility or is acting 9 in his or her capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed cannabis product manufacturing 10facility.

Packaging, processing, transporting, manufacturing, displaying, or possessing 11 (d) 12cannabis or cannabis products; delivering or transferring cannabis or cannabis products to a cannabis testing facility; selling cannabis or cannabis products to a cannabis retail outlet, 1314alternative treatment center, limited manufacturer, or a cannabis product manufacturing facility; purchasing or obtaining cannabis from a cannabis cultivation facility; or purchasing or obtaining 1516cannabis or cannabis products from a cannabis product manufacturing facility or limited 17manufacturer, if the person or business entity conducting the activities described in this paragraph 18has obtained a current, valid license to operate a limited manufacturer or is acting in his or her 19 capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed limited manufacturer.

20 (e) Possessing, obtaining, cultivating, processing, storing, transporting, receiving, or 21 displaying cannabis or cannabis products if the person or business entity has obtained a current, 22 valid license to operate a cannabis testing facility or is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, 23 employee, or agent of a licensed cannabis testing facility.

(f) Engaging in any activities involving cannabis or cannabis products if the person or business entity conducting the activities has obtained a current, valid license to operate a cannabis establishment or is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed cannabis establishment, and the activities are within the scope of activities allowed by the commission for that type of cannabis establishment.

(g) Possessing, obtaining, cultivating, processing, storing, distributing transporting, or receiving cannabis obtained from a cannabis establishment or transporting, delivering, or transferring cannabis to a cannabis establishment if the person or business entity has obtained a current, valid license to operate a cannabis transporter or cannabis distributor is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a licensed cannabis transporter.

(h) Obtaining or purchasing cannabis from a cannabis cultivation facility; delivering or
 transferring cannabis to a cannabis testing facility; or obtaining or purchasing cannabis or cannabis
 products from a cannabis product manufacturing facility or limited manufacturer if the person or
 business entity conducting the activities described in this paragraph possesses a valid license to

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operate an alternative treatment center or is acting in his or her capacity as an owner, employee, or
 agent of a licensed alternative treatment center.

3 (i) Leasing or otherwise allowing the use of property owned, occupied, or controlled by 4 any person, corporation, or other entity for any of the activities conducted lawfully in accordance 5 with this chapter.

6 (j) Selling, offering for sale, transferring, transporting, or delivering cannabis to 7 establishments licensed to process or sell cannabis under the laws of other states if the person or 8 business entity has obtained a current, valid license to operate a cannabis transporter, cannabis 9 product manufacturing facility, limited manufacturer, or cannabis cultivation facility or is acting in 10 his or her capacity as an owner, employee, or agent of a cannabis transporter, cannabis product 11 manufacturing facility, or cannabis cultivation facility.

II. No sales to consumers, including from cannabis retail outlets with dual-use certificates, may begin until the liquor and cannabis commissioner certifies there is a sufficient supply of cannabis and cannabis products to begin sales.

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318-F:19 Proof of Purchaser's Identity.

I. For the purposes of this chapter, any person or entity making the sale of cannabis, cannabis products, or cannabis accessories to any purchaser whose age is in question shall require and may accept any official documentation listed in RSA 179:8 as proof that the purchaser is 21 years of age or older.

II. Photographic identification presented under this section shall be consistent with the
 appearance of the person and shall not be expired and shall be correct and free of alteration, erasure,
 blemish, or other impairment.

III. The establishment of all of the following facts by a cannabis retail outlet or an agent or
 employee of a cannabis retail outlet making a sale of cannabis or cannabis accessories to a person
 under the age of 21 shall constitute an affirmative defense to any prosecution for such sale:

26 (a) That the person presented what an ordinary and prudent person would believe to be
27 valid documentation of a type listed in RSA 179:8.

28 (b) That the sale was made in good faith relying upon such documentation and 29 appearance in the reasonable belief that the person was 21 years of age or older.

30

318-F:20 Enforcement Activity Verifying Noncompliance.

I. Except as provided in this section, it shall be a violation to sell any cannabis, cannabis product, cannabis accessories or cannabis paraphernalia to a minor during enforcement activity initiated solely for the purpose of verifying noncompliance with RSA 318-F:19. It shall be a misdemeanor to knowingly sell cannabis, cannabis product, or cannabis paraphernalia to a minor at the time of any such enforcement activity. The commission shall retain the right to require the licensee in such a circumstance to initiate additional training of its staff or individual employee.

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1 This section shall not apply to law enforcement initiatives involving surveillance, investigations, or 2 criminal complaints of violations of RSA 318-F:19.

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II. This section does not apply if the minor:

4 (a) Presented what an ordinary and prudent person would believe to be valid 5 documentation showing the minor was a qualifying patient or designated patient who is allowed to 6 purchase cannabis pursuant to RSA 126-X; and

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(b) The sale was made in good faith relying upon such documentation and appearance in the reasonable belief that the person was allowed to purchase cannabis pursuant to RSA 126-X.

318-F:21 Driving; Minors; Control of Property.

10 I. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit driving or operating under the 11 influence of drugs or liquor pursuant to RSA 265-A, nor shall this section prevent the state from 12 enacting and imposing penalties for driving under the influence of or while impaired by cannabis.

II. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the transfer of cannabis, with or without remuneration, to a person under the age of 21, or to allow a person under the age of 21 to purchase, possess, use, transport, grow, or consume cannabis.

16 III. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a state or county correctional facility from 17 prohibiting the possession, consumption, use, display, transfer, distribution, sale, transportation, or 18 growing of cannabis on or in the correctional facility's property.

19 IV. Control of Property.

20 (a) Except as provided in this section, this chapter does not require any person, 21 corporation, or any other entity that occupies, owns, or controls a property to allow the consumption, 22 cultivation, display, sale, or transfer of cannabis on or in that property.

(b) In the case of the rental of a residential dwelling, a landlord shall not prohibit thepossession of cannabis or the consumption of cannabis by non-smoked means unless:

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(1) The tenant is a roomer who is not leasing the entire residential dwelling;

26 (2) The residence is incidental to the provision of educational, counseling, religious,
27 or similar service;

28

(3) The residence is a transitional housing facility; or

(4) Failing to prohibit cannabis possession or consumption would violate federal law
or regulations or cause the landlord to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law
or regulations.

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(c) This chapter shall not prevent a landlord from prohibiting cannabis smoking.

33 (d) An adult who is 21 or older may use cannabis on privately owned real property only 34 with permission of the property owner or, in the case of leased or rented property, with the 35 permission of the tenant in possession of the property, except that a tenant shall not allow a person 36 to smoke cannabis on rented property if smoking on the property violates the lease or the lessor's 37 rental policies that apply to all tenants at the property. However, a tenant may permit an adult who

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is 21 or older to use cannabis on leased property by ingestion or inhalation through vaporization
even if smoking is prohibited by the lease or rental policies. For purposes of this chapter,
vaporization shall mean the inhalation of cannabis without the combustion of the cannabis.

4 318-F:22 Enforcement of Contracts. Contracts related to the operation of a cannabis establishment licensed pursuant to this chapter shall be enforceable. No contract entered into by a  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 licensed cannabis establishment or its employees or agents as permitted pursuant to a valid license,  $\mathbf{7}$ or by those who allow property to be used by an establishment, its employees, or its agents as 8 permitted pursuant to a valid license, shall be unenforceable on the basis that cultivating, obtaining, 9 manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, transporting, selling, possessing, or using cannabis is 10prohibited by federal law.

11 318-F:23 Non-Discrimination for State-Legal Cannabis Activities and Prior Convictions.

I. Except as provided in this section, a holder of a professional or occupational license may
not be subject to professional discipline for:

(a) Providing advice or services related to cannabis establishments or applications tooperate cannabis establishments on the basis that cannabis is illegal under federal law; or

16

(b) Engaging in activities allowed by this chapter.

17 II. An applicant for a professional or occupational license may not be denied a license based18 on:

(a) Previous employment related to cannabis establishments operating in accordancewith state law;

21 (b) A prior conviction for a non-violent cannabis offense that does not involve 22 distribution, or

23

(c) Engaging in activities allowed by this chapter.

III. Except as provided in this section, neither the state nor any of its political subdivisions may impose any penalty or deny any benefit or entitlement for conduct permitted under this chapter or for the presence of cannabinoids or cannabinoid metabolites in the urine, blood, saliva, breath, hair, or other tissue or fluid of a person who is 21 years of age or older.

IV. Except as provided in this section, neither the state nor any of its political subdivisions may deny a driver's license, a professional license, housing assistance, social services, or other benefits based on cannabis use or for the presence of cannabinoids or cannabinoid metabolites in the urine, blood, saliva, breath, hair, or other tissue or fluid of a person who is 21 years of age or older.

V. A person shall not be denied custody of or visitation with a minor for acting in accordance
with this act, unless the person's behavior is such that it creates an unreasonable danger to the
minor that can be clearly articulated and substantiated.

VI. Except as provided in this section, neither the state nor any of its political subdivisions
 may discriminate against a person in hiring, termination, or any term or condition of employment, or

1 otherwise penalize a person in employment or contracting, if the discrimination is based upon either  $\mathbf{2}$ of the following: 3 (a) Engaging in activities allowed by this chapter; 4 (b) A prior conviction for a non-violent cannabis offense that does not involve  $\mathbf{5}$ distribution: or 6 (c) Testing positive for the presence of cannabinoids or cannabinoid metabolites in the 7urine, blood, saliva, breath, hair, or other tissue or fluid of the individual's body. 8 VII. Employer and employee protections. 9 This section does not prevent an employer from disciplining an employee or (a) 10contractor for ingesting cannabis in the workplace or for working while impaired by cannabis. (b) The protections provided by this section do not apply to the extent that they conflict 11 12with a governmental employer's obligations under federal law or regulations or to the extent that they would disqualify the entity from a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law or 1314regulations. (c) This section does not authorize any person to engage in, and does not prevent the 1516imposition of any civil, criminal, disciplinary, or other penalties, including discipline or termination 17by a governmental employer, any task while under the influence of cannabis, when doing so would 18constitute negligence or professional misconduct. 19VIII. For the purposes of medical care, including organ and tissue transplants, the use of 20cannabis does not constitute the use of an illicit substance or otherwise disgualify a person from 21needed medical care and may only be considered with respect to evidence-based clinical criteria. 22IX. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, unless there is a specific finding that the 23individual's use, cultivation, or possession of cannabis could create a danger to the individual or 24another person, it shall not be a violation of conditions of parole, probation, or pre-trial release to: 25(a) Engage in conduct allowed by this chapter; or 26(b) Test positive for cannabis, tetrahydrocannabinol, or any other cannabinoid or metabolite of cannabis. 2728This section does not authorize any person to engage in, and does not prevent the X. 29imposition of any penalties for engaging in, the following conduct: 30 (a) Undertaking any task under the influence of cannabis, when doing so would 31constitute negligence or professional misconduct. 32(b) Operating, navigating, or being in actual physical control of any motor vehicle, 33 aircraft, train, or motorboat while under the influence of cannabis. 34318-F:24 Data Collection Related to Cannabis Legalization and Regulation. No later than 2 35years after the effective date of this chapter, and every 2 years thereafter, the department of health 36 and human services shall, where appropriate, enter into memorandums of understanding with the 37 department of safety, the department of justice, the department of education, the commission, and

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1 any other agency determined by the department of health and human services to possess relevant  $\mathbf{2}$ data, to collect data, and produce and publish a report that includes baseline data and the most 3 current data regarding health and welfare outcomes before and after cannabis legalization and 4regulation for adult use. All data in the report shall be non-identifiable and respectful of personal privacy. This report may be combined with the report required under RSA 126-A:106, VI, relative to  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 the substance use prevention, treatment, and recovery fund allocated under RSA 318-F:27. 7318-F:25 Agency Fee Imposed. 8 I. An agency fee of 10 percent shall be levied on the monthly total gross revenue derived 9 from the sale of cannabis and cannabis products from a cannabis retail outlets and any other 10cannabis establishment for sales directly to consumers, provided: (a) The agency fee shall not apply to sales to qualifying patients, directly or via their 11 12designated caregivers. (b) The agency fee shall not apply to the sale of cannabis accessories, or any product 1314other than cannabis and cannabis product. II. The commission shall adopt rules under RSA 541-A relative to the agency fee procedures 1516needed to implement the provisions of this section. 17318-F:26 Cannabis Fund Established. 18 I. There is established a nonlapsing fund to be known as the cannabis fund. The fund shall 19be kept distinct and separate from all other funds in the state treasury, and the moneys credited to 20the fund shall be held distinct and separate from all other funds over which the state treasurer has 21control. Moneys in the fund shall be deposited with any financial institution as defined in RSA 383-22A:2-201(a)(27-a), with a branch in the state. Moneys credited to the fund shall include deposits into 23the fund by the commission pursuant to this chapter and deposits into the fund by the commissioner of the department of revenue administration pursuant to RSA 77-H. 2425II. For the biennium ending June 30, 2025, and every biennium thereafter, the commission 26shall include the cost of administration of this chapter in the commission's efficiency expenditure 27request pursuant to RSA 9:4. III. For the biennium ending June 30, 2025, the sum of \$8,000,000 is hereby appropriated to 28

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29the commission for the cost of administration of this chapter. Said sum shall be a charge against the fund.

IV. The commission shall credit all fees and civil penalties imposed under this chapter, 3132including agency fees levied pursuant to 318-F:25, and all other related moneys received from public 33 or private sources to the fund.

34V. After deducting appropriations charged to the fund for the cost of administration of this 35chapter and RSA 77-H, the remaining funds shall be appropriated and distributed by the 36 commission on a quarterly basis as follows:

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1	(a) The sum of \$100,000 annually to the department of health and human services, for
2	data collection and reporting related to the health impacts of cannabis legalization and regulation
3	under RSA 318-F:24; and
4	(b) Of the remaining funds:
5	(1) Sixty-five percent shall be disbursed to the education trust fund established in
6	RSA 198:39. The comptroller shall notify the commissioner of the department of revenue
7	administration of the amount of the transfer. For the purpose of setting the education tax rate
8	under RSA 76:3, the amount of revenue required to be collected pursuant to RSA 76:3 shall be
9	reduced by the amount transferred to the education trust fund as required in this subparagraph, and
10	the commissioner shall set the rate at a level sufficient to generate the reduced amount. This rate
11	shall be effective for the following fiscal year;
12	(2) Ten percent shall be allocated to the community reinvestment fund established in
13	RSA 318-F:28;
14	(3) Ten percent shall be allocated to the substance use prevention, treatment, and
15	recovery fund established in RSA 318-F:27;
16	(4) Five percent shall be allocated for broad based aid to municipalities with at least
17	one operational cannabis retail store during the time period in which the revenues were collected,
18	with the amount of allocation to each municipality determined based on the percent of tax revenue
19	collected from retail stores located in the municipality;
20	(5) Five percent shall be allocated to public safety agencies, including police, fire,
21	and rescue agencies, for the hiring and training of additional drug recognition experts, for advanced
22	roadside impaired driving enforcement training, and to assist in responding to drug overdose
23	incidents; and
24	(6) Five percent shall be disbursed to the department of health and human services,
25	division for behavioral health, bureau of children's behavioral health, to be used for children's
26	behavioral health services.
27	318-F:27 Substance Use Prevention, Treatment, and Recovery Fund Established. There is
28	hereby established in the state treasury the nonlapsing substance use prevention, treatment, and
29	recovery fund that shall be kept distinct and separate from all other funds. All proceeds allocated to
30	the fund pursuant to RSA 318-F:26 shall be deposited in the fund. The state treasurer shall invest
31	the fund in accordance with RSA 6:8. Any earnings on fund moneys shall be added to the fund. All
32	moneys in the fund shall be nonlapsing and shall be continually appropriated to the state treasury.
33	The state treasurer shall disburse funds from the fund solely for the purposes and in the manner set
34	forth in RSA 126-A:106.

35 318-F:28 Community Reinvestment Fund Established.

I. There is established in the state treasury a nonlapsing fund to be known as the community reinvestment fund that shall be kept distinct and separate from all other funds.

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1	II. All proceeds allocated to the fund pursuant to RSA 318-F:26 shall be deposited in the
2	fund.
3	III. All moneys in the fund shall be nonlapsing and shall be continually appropriated to the
4	commission. The state treasurer shall disburse funds from the fund solely for the purposes and in
<b>5</b>	the manner set forth in this section.
6	IV. The fund shall be used to support New Hampshire communities. The fund may be used
7	for the following purposes to support those communities:
8	(a) Water and sewer expansion projects so long as properties passed by new water and
9	sewer funded through this source are not required to participate;
10	(b) Legal aid services for expungement of cannabis convictions authorized under RSA
11	651:5-b and RSA 651:5-c;
12	(c) Grants to assist farmers entering the cannabis market; and
13	(d) Cannabis-related research and development.
14	V. The commission shall report to the general court within 18 months after the effective date
15	of this act and by January 1 of each year thereafter on distribution of funds pursuant to this section.
16	
17	Amend RSA 318-B:2-c, I as inserted by section 12 of the bill by replacing it with the following:
18	
19	I. [ <del>In this section:</del>
19 20	I. [In this section: (a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the
20	(a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the
20 21	(a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the
20 21 22	(a)] "Marijuana" <i>means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II.</i> [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
20 21 22 23	(a)] "Marijuana" <i>means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II.</i> [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature
20 21 22 23 24	(a)] "Marijuana" <i>means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II.</i> [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,
20 21 22 23 24 25	(a)] "Marijuana" <i>means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II.</i> [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks,
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	(a)] "Marijuana" <i>means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II.</i> [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(a)] "Marijuana" <i>means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II.</i> [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana shall not include hemp grown, processed, marketed, or sold under RSA 439-A.
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(a)] "Marijuana" <i>means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II.</i> [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana shall not include hemp grown, processed, marketed, or sold under RSA 439-A. (b) "Personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana-infused product" means one or more
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<ul> <li>(a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana shall not include hemp grown, processed, marketed, or sold under RSA 439-A.</li> <li>(b) "Personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana infused product" means one or more products that is comprised of marijuana, marijuana extracts, or resins and other ingredients and is</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>(a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana shall not include hemp grown, processed, marketed, or sold under RSA 439-A.</li> <li>(b) "Personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana infused product" means one or more products that is comprised of marijuana, marijuana extracts, or resins and other ingredients and is intended for use or consumption, such as, but not limited to, edible products, ointments, and</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<ul> <li>(a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana shall not include homp grown, processed, marketed, or sold under RSA 439-A.</li> <li>(b) "Personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana infused product" means one or more products that is comprised of marijuana, marijuana extracts, or resins and other ingredients and is intended for use or consumption, such as, but not limited to, edible products, ointments, and tinctures, which was obtained from a state where marijuana sales to adults are legal and regulated</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<ul> <li>(a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana shall not include hemp grown, processed, marketed, or sold under RSA 439-A.</li> <li>(b) "Personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana infused product" means one or more products that is comprised of marijuana, marijuana extracts, or resins and other ingredients and is intended for use or consumption, such as, but not limited to, edible products, ointments, and tinctures, which was obtained from a state where marijuana sales to adults are legal and regulated under state law, and which is in its original, child-resistant, labeled packaging when it is being</li> </ul>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<ul> <li>(a)] "Marijuana" means "cannabis" as defined in RSA 318-F:1, II. [includes the leaves, stems, flowers, and seeds of all species of the plant genus cannabis, but shall not include the resin extracted from any part of such plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation from such resin including hashish, and further, shall not include the mature stalks of such plant, fiber produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable of germination. Marijuana shall not include hemp grown, processed, marketed, or sold under RSA 439-A.</li> <li>(b) "Personal-use amount of a regulated marijuana infused product" means one or more products that is comprised of marijuana, marijuana extracts, or resins and other ingredients and is intended for use or consumption, such as, but not limited to, edible products, ointments, and tinctures, which was obtained from a state where marijuana sales to adults are legal and regulated under state law, and which is in its original, child-resistant, labeled packaging when it is being</li> </ul>

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1	(b) "Possession limit" means the current "possession limit" as defined in RSA
2	318-F:1, XVIII.
3	
4	Amend the bill by deleting sections 18-28 and renumbering the original section 29-46 to read as 17-
<b>5</b>	34, respectively.
6	
7	Amend the bill by replacing section 17 with the following:
8	
9	17 Apportionment, Assessment and Abatement of Taxes; Assessment; Education Tax. Amend
10	RSA 76:3 to read as follows:
11	76:3 Education Tax. Beginning July 1, 2005, and every fiscal year thereafter, the commissioner
12	of the department of revenue administration shall set the education tax rate at a level sufficient to
13	generate revenue of \$363,000,000, less any amount credited to the education trust fund
14	pursuant to RSA 318-F:26, when imposed on all persons and property taxable pursuant to RSA
15	76:8, except property subject to tax under RSA 82 and RSA 83-F. The education property tax rate
16	shall be effective for the following fiscal year. The rate shall be set to the nearest 1/2 cent necessary
17	to generate the revenue required in this section.
18	
19	Amend the introductory paragraph of RSA 126-X:8, XX as inserted by section 21 of the bill by
20	replacing it with the following:
21	
22	XX. An alternative treatment center organized as a voluntary corporation under RSA 292
23	may convert from a voluntary corporation under RSA 292 to either a domestic business corporation
24	organized under RSA 293-A or a limited liability company organized under RSA 304-C in any of the
25	following ways:
26	
27	Amend RSA 126-X:8, XXIV as inserted by section 21 of the bill by replacing it with the following:
28	
29	XXIV. Conversion and merger requirements:
30	(a) Any alternative treatment center choosing to convert or merge pursuant to this
31	section shall obtain an independent fair market valuation of its total assets as of 180 days prior to
32	the conversion or merger. The valuation of the total assets of such alternative treatment center, if
33	positive, shall be distributed to one or more charitable organizations solely for charitable purposes.
34	The director of charitable trusts shall receive a copy of the valuation and may file any objection
35	relating thereto with the court within 60 days. Except as set forth in this section and
36	notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no portion of the assets of such alternative treatment
37	center after the conversion or merger, as applicable, shall be deemed to be charitable assets.

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1	(b) Any alternative treatment center choosing to convert or merge pursuant to this
2	section shall submit a copy of the plan of conversion or merger to the director of charitable trusts.
3	The director may file an objection relating to the plan with the court within 60 days.
4	(c) Any alternative treatment center that has converted or merged pursuant to this
<b>5</b>	section shall, within 2 months and thereafter for 2 years, annually file a letter with the director of
6	charitable trusts certifying compliance with the requirements of RSA 126-X:8, XX.
7	
8	Amend the bill by replacing section 32 with the following:
9	
10	32 Appropriations.
11	I. The sum of \$100,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 is hereby appropriated to
12	the department of health and human services for the purpose of collecting baseline data to be used in
13	the reports required pursuant to RSA 318-F:24. The governor is authorized to draw a warrant for
14	said sum out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.
15	II. The sum of \$8,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 is hereby appropriated to
16	the liquor and cannabis commission for deposit into the cannabis fund established in RSA 318-F:26
17	for the administration of RSA 318-F. The governor is authorized to draw a warrant for said sum out
18	of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.
19	III. The sum of \$500,000 for the biennium ending June 30, 2025 is hereby appropriated to
20	the substance use prevention, treatment, and recovery fund established in RSA 318-F:27 for the cost
21	of developing and implementing a public education campaign prior to initiation of retail sales.